

Multiple Sclerosis Working Group

Presented at the 14th Annual PRO Consortium Workshop – Silver Spring, MD – April 19-20, 2023



Background

Rationale of the Multiple Sclerosis (MS) Working Group (WG)

- Endpoints in MS trials have been based on clinician assessments and performance-based outcome measures. It is increasingly recognized that the perspective of persons with MS should be incorporated into the evaluation of clinical benefit. Hence, a working group was formed within the PRO Consortium to explore the assessment of symptoms and functional impacts with the intent of informing PRO-based clinical trial endpoints.
- With input from FDA, the WG decided to focus on PRO measures to assess fatigue and physical function, specifically short forms from the *Patient-Reported Outcomes Measurement Information System (PROMIS®)*.
- Endpoint measures like EDSS do not assess the full range of physical function and omit fatigue despite its prominence as a debilitating symptom of MS. Including the *PROMIS® FatigueMS—8a* and the *PROMISnq PFMS—15a* will provide a more complete understanding of the experience of individuals with MS in clinical trials.

Goal of the MS WG

- To examine what should be included in measures for assessing fatigue-related and physical function-related clinical benefit in people with all forms of MS and to evaluate the adequacy of existing PRO measures for capturing fatigue and physical function.
- To generate evidence to support the qualification of MS-specific PRO measures of fatigue and physical function; 2 PROMIS® short forms were identified as potentially appropriate.

Concept of Interest

- Fatigue severity
- Physical function difficulty or limitations

Target Population

- Adults 18 years of age and older with any type of MS

Targeted Labeling Language

- Patients treated with [Drug X] reported a reduction of fatigue if limited by fatigue at the start of the trial.
- Patients treated with [Drug X] reported a delayed worsening of fatigue if limited by fatigue at the start of the trial.
- Patients treated with [Drug X] reported maintenance or an improvement of physical function if experiencing limitations in physical function at the start of the trial.
- Patients treated with [Drug X] reported a delayed worsening of physical function if experiencing limitations in physical function at the start of the trial.
- Patients treated with [Drug X] reported delayed onset of limitations in physical function if not limited in physical function at the start of trial.

Milestones

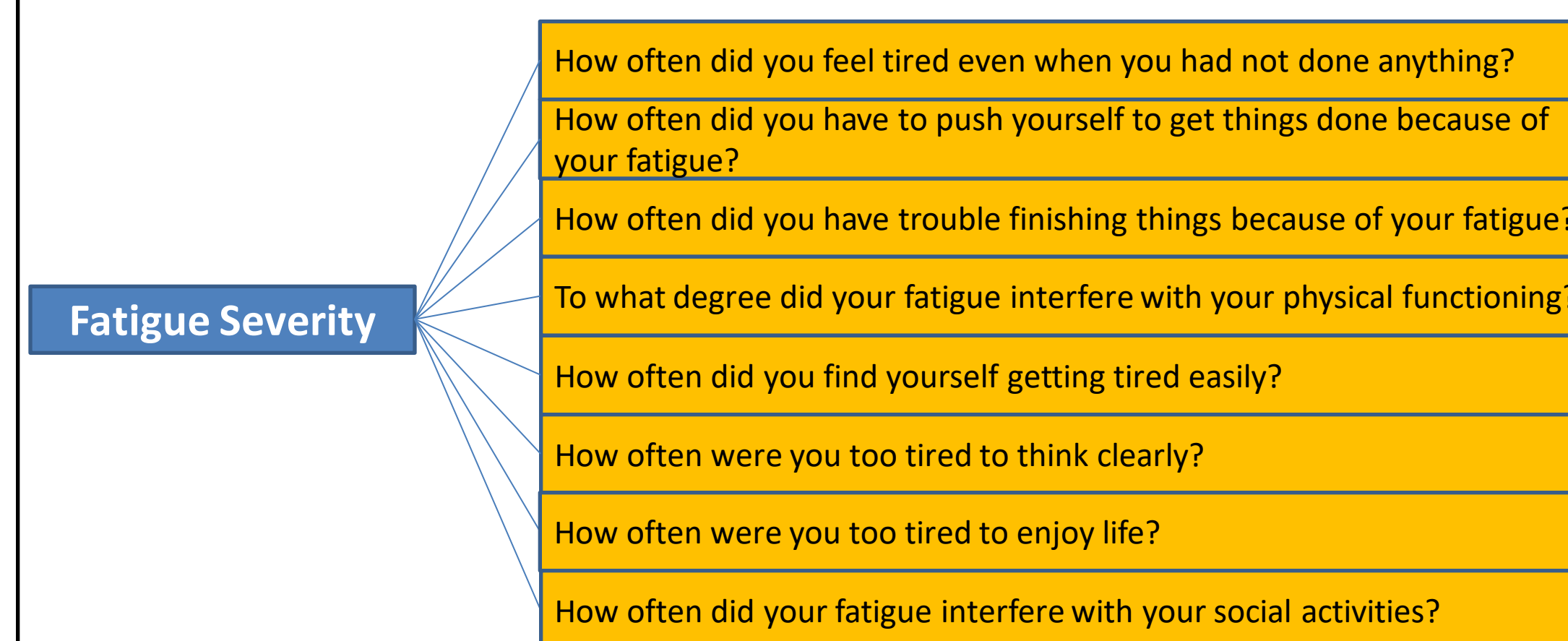
| Milestone | Target Date | Completed Date |
|--|-------------|----------------|
| Letter of Intent submission to FDA | | DEC 2016 |
| Received FDA feedback on LOI; request to submit Initial Briefing Package | | JUN 2017 |
| Initial Briefing Package submission for <i>PROMIS® FatigueMS—8a</i> to FDA | | OCT 2019 |
| Received feedback on Initial Briefing Package from FDA | | FEB 2020 |
| Revised Qualification Plan submission for <i>PROMIS® FatigueMS—8a</i> to FDA | | NOV 2021 |
| Qualification Plan submission for <i>PROMISnq PFMS—15a</i> to FDA | | NOV 2021 |
| Reviewability memo for <i>PROMIS® FatigueMS—8a</i> received | | MAR 2022 |
| Reviewability memo for <i>PROMISnq PFMS—15a</i> received | | NOV 2022 |
| Full Qualification Package submission for <i>PROMIS® FatigueMS—8a</i> to FDA | Q3 2023 | |
| Full Qualification Package submission for <i>PROMISnq PFMS—15a</i> to FDA | TBD | |

Highlights

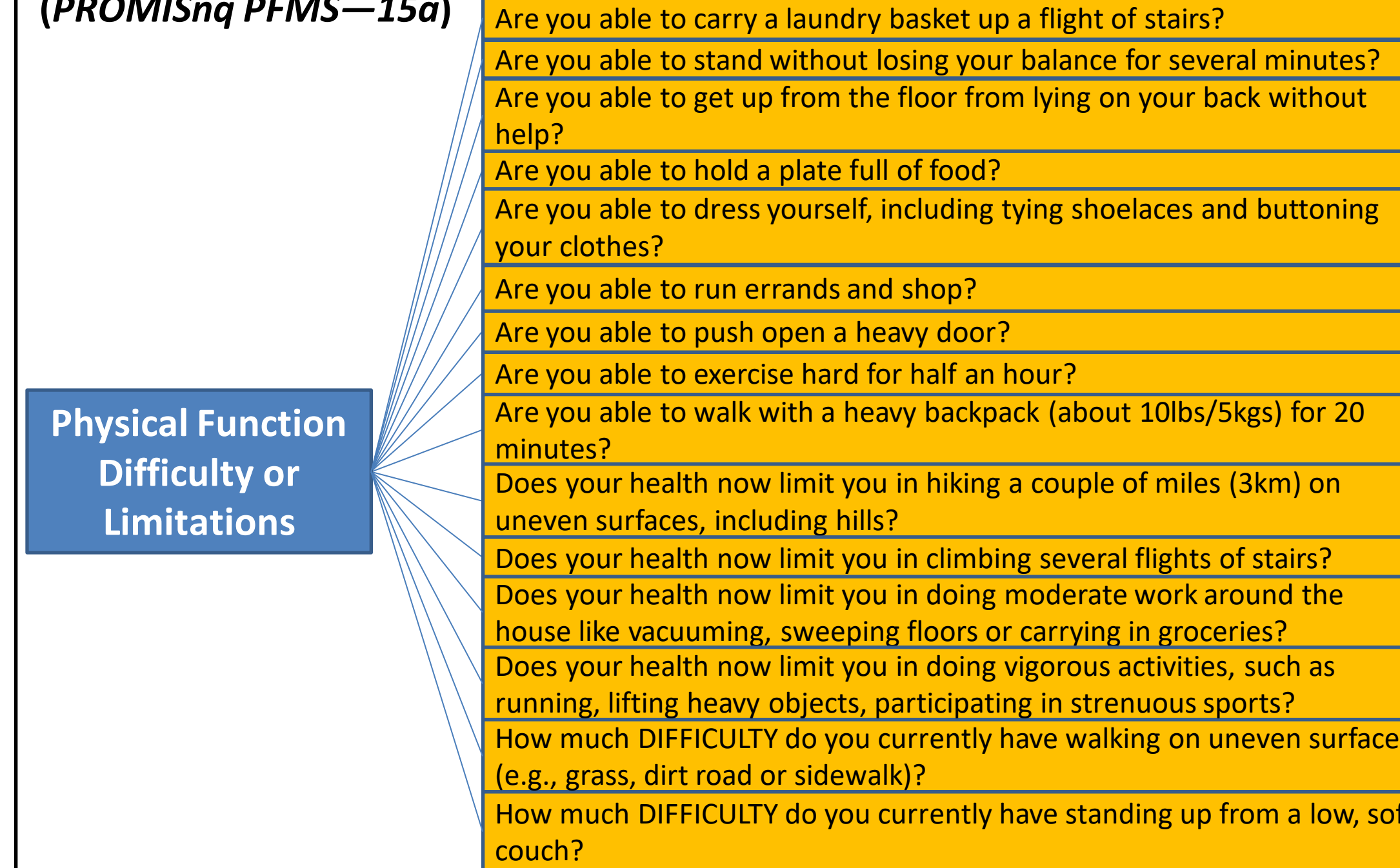
Example Endpoint Model for Treatment of MS

| Endpoint Hierarchy | Endpoint Concept(s) | Endpoint Type |
|--------------------|--|-----------------|
| Primary | Annualized relapse rates or confirmed disability progression (EDSS) | ClinRO |
| Secondary | Reduction or delayed worsening of fatigue severity | PRO |
| | Improvement or delayed worsening of physical function | PRO |
| | Clinician-reported measure or a combination of performance-based outcome measures (e.g., walking speed, cognitive function, visual acuity, upper extremity function) | ClinRO or PerFo |

Hypothesized Conceptual Framework for fatigue, based on the *PROMIS® Short Form v1.0—Fatigue-Multiple Sclerosis 8a (PROMIS® FatigueMS—8a)*



Hypothesized Conceptual Framework for physical function, based on the *PROMISnq Short Form v2.0 - Physical Function - Multiple Sclerosis 15a (PROMISnq PFMS—15a)*



Highlights Continued

Existing Measures Proposed for Qualification

| Measure – <i>PROMIS® FatigueMS—8a</i> | Measure – <i>PROMISnq PFMS—15a</i> |
|--|---|
| Number of Items: 8 Recall Period: Past 7 days Response Options: 5-level verbal rating scale assessing frequency or interference Symptom Attribute: Frequency or interference as a measure of severity Data Collection Mode: Paper or electronic | Number of Items: 15 Recall Period: None Response Options: 5-level verbal rating scale assessing difficulty or degree of limitations Attribute: Difficulty or limitations Data Collection Mode: Paper or electronic |

Working Group Activities

Completed Activities

- Concept elicitation interviews were conducted with 14 relapsing-remitting MS (RRMS) participants and results were used to identify 48 items from the *PROMIS® Physical Function Item Bank* reflecting important impacts to upper extremity function and to mobility.
- Cognitive interviews were conducted with 43 participants (26 RRMS and 17 primary progressive MS [PPMS]) to evaluate relevance of physical function item concepts and inform short form item selection; of these, 29 participants (16 PPMS and 13 RRMS) were also debriefed on *PROMIS® FatigueMS* items to evaluate these items in all MS types.
- Received grant funding to develop the *PROMIS® FatigueMS—8a* QP in September 2019
- Submitted the Initial Briefing Package for *PROMIS® FatigueMS—8a* to FDA in October 2019
- Received grant funding to develop the *PROMISnq PFMS—15a* QP in July 2020
- Submitted the QP for *PROMIS® FatigueMS—8a* to FDA in August 2020; submitted revised QPs for *PROMIS® FatigueMS—8a* to FDA in May 2021 and November 2021
- PROMIS® FatigueMS—8a* QP accepted on September 6, 2022
- Submitted the QP for *PROMISnq PFMS—15a* in November 2021; reviewability assessment memo received on November 14, 2022, and under FDA review
- Received grant funding to develop the *PROMIS® FatigueMS—8a* FQP in September 2022

Challenges

- Qualification of short forms based on a measurement system (e.g., *PROMIS®*) involves added requirements by FDA to provide detailed original item bank calibration process and data.
- FDA's concern that impact of missing data on score reliability may differ based on which item is missing with item response theory scoring was considered a reviewability issue and required additional missing data simulation scenarios to be added to the QPs.
- Under the current MS disease modifying treatment landscape, for the purposes of the qualification, there is a lack of trial data to provide additional evidence supporting meaningful interpretation.

Next Steps

- Prepare and submit Full Qualification Package for each measure to FDA

Working Group Participants

| Company/Organization | Representatives |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| EMD Serono | Paul Kamudoni, PhD (Co-Chair); Christian Henke, PhD |
| Roche/Genentech | Susanne Clinch, PhD; Evan Davies, MSc |
| Sanofi Genzyme | Keiko Higuchi, MPH, PhD; Natalia Hawken, PhD; Benoit Arnould, PhD; Charles Minor, MS, MBA |
| Affiliation | Other Participants |
| Accelerated Cure Project for MS | Sara Loud, MBA; Robert McBurney, PhD |
| National Multiple Sclerosis Society | Timothy Coetzee, PhD; Kathy Zackowski, PhD, OTR |
| Research Partner | Research Team |
| Northwestern University | David Cella, PhD; Karen Kaiser, PhD; Jin-Shei Lai, PhD, OTR; Sara Shaunfield, PhD; Kayce Plymill, MSc |