

# Depression Working Group 2.0

13<sup>th</sup> Annual PRO Consortium Workshop – Held Virtually on April 13-14, 2022



## Background

### Rationale for Depression Working Group 2.0

- Due to the emergence of antidepressant agents with faster onsets of action, there is growing recognition of the need for well-defined and reliable assessment tools that can measure clinical benefit within shorter timeframes, potentially within hours or days rather than weeks in treatment trials for major depressive disorder (MDD).
- With FDA qualification of the 7-day recall period *Symptoms of Major Depressive Disorder Scale (SMDDS)* in November 2017, the Depression Working Group 2.0 is developing 24-hour recall and momentary assessment (i.e., assessment of the severity of an MDD symptom “at this moment”) measures based on the *SMDDS*.

### Goal of the Depression Working Group 2.0

- The Depression Working Group 2.0’s primary focus is to pursue qualification of the new 24-hour recall measure, which is provisionally named the *Symptoms of Major Depressive Disorder Diary (SMDDD)*.
- A secondary focus is to pursue qualification of a new momentary assessment measure, which is provisionally named the *Symptoms of Major Depressive Disorder Momentary Assessment (SMDDMA)*.

### Concept of Interest

- SMDDD*: self-reported depression symptom severity in adults during the past 24 hours.
- SMDDMA*: self-reported depression symptom severity in adults at the time the self-assessment is completed (i.e., “at this moment”).

### Targeted Labeling Language

- Patients treated with [Drug X] reported clinically significant reductions in severity of major depressive disorder compared with treatment [YY]. *(Based on group comparisons of means)*
- Compared with [YY], significantly more patients treated with [Drug X] reported clinically meaningful reductions in severity of major depressive disorder. *(Based on group comparison using responder analysis)*
- Compared with [YY], patients treated with [Drug X] reported significantly fewer days with symptoms of major depressive disorder. *(Based on group comparison of number of days to clinically meaningful response)*
- Compared with [YY], patients treated with [Drug X] reported significantly faster relief of symptoms of major depressive disorder. *(Based on group comparison of time to clinically meaningful response)*

## Milestones

Milestone	Target Date	Completed Date
Letters of Intent submission for <i>SMDDD</i> and <i>SMDDMA</i> to FDA		OCT 2018
Acceptance of <i>SMDDD</i> and <i>SMDDMA</i> by FDA into the COA Qualification Program		FEB 2019
Cognitive interview study report submission to FDA		MAR 2020
Qualification Plan submission for <i>SMDDD</i> to FDA	Q2 2022	
Qualification Plan submission for <i>SMDDMA</i> to FDA	Q3 2022	
Full Qualification Package submission for <i>SMDDD</i> to FDA	TBD	
Full Qualification Package submission for <i>SMDDMA</i> to FDA	TBD	

## Highlights

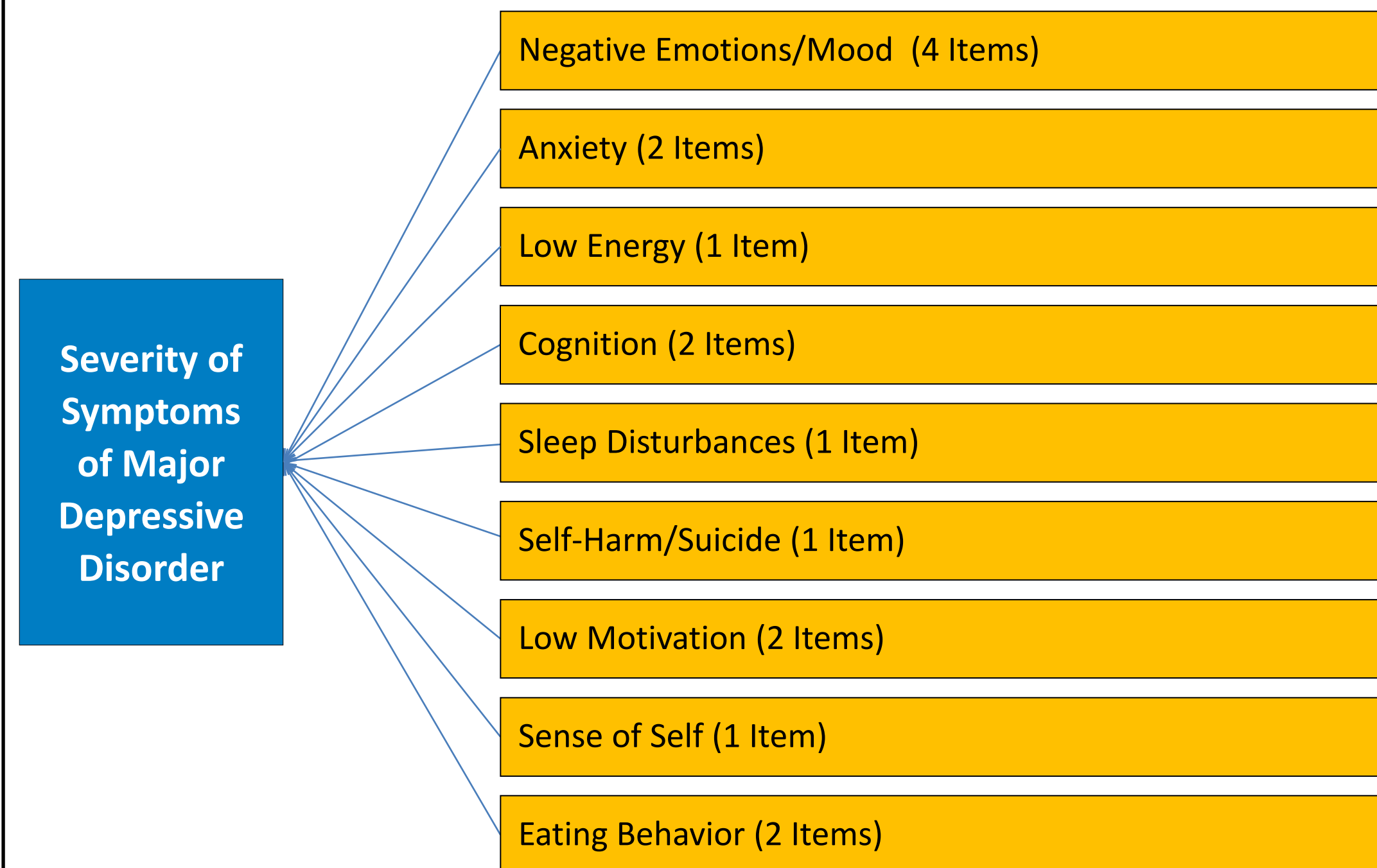
### Example Endpoint Model for Treatment of Depression

Endpoint Hierarchy	Endpoint Concept(s)	Endpoint Type
Primary	Severity of symptoms of MDD	PRO ( <i>SMDDD</i> )
Secondary	Time to early symptom improvement Affect Disease severity	PRO ( <i>SMDDMA</i> ) ClinRO ClinRO

### Target Population

- Persons 18 years and older with a diagnosis of MDD (depression), who are being treated in ambulatory settings

### Hypothesized Conceptual Framework for the *Symptoms of Major Depressive Disorder Diary (SMDDD)*



### Measure – *Symptoms of Major Depressive Disorder Diary (SMDDD)\**

**Number of Items:** 16 addressing 9 symptom domains

**Recall Period:** Past 24 hours

**Response Options:** 5-level verbal rating scale

**Symptom Attribute:** Intensity or frequency as a measure of severity

**Data Collection Mode:** Electronic data collection, specific mode to be determined

\*The current version of the *SMDDMA* includes 11 items addressing 7 symptom domains that are suitable for momentary assessment. All item concepts from the *SMDDD* are represented within the *SMDDMA* except for 1 negative emotions/mood item, 1 cognition item, 1 sleep disturbance item, and 2 eating behavior items. Symptom attribute is intensity.

## Working Group Activities

### Completed Activities

- The working group modified *SMDDS* items to work within the shorter recall of the new measures. In addition to modifications associated with recall period made to item wording:
  - Revisions were made to 2 items to create the *SMDDD*, but all concepts were retained;
  - Revisions were made to 4 items, and 4 items were dropped to create the *SMDDMA*.
- A cognitive interview study was subsequently conducted to obtain the additional qualitative evidence necessary to refine the original content for shorter recall periods.
  - Nineteen qualitative interviews were completed in 4 iterative waves.
  - Based on evidence that emerged from the interviews, the development team agreed to revise one *SMDDD* item and drop one *SMDDMA* item.
- Received grant funding to develop *SMDDMA* Qualification Plan in July 2020.

### Substantive FDA Interactions

- Following submission of the cognitive interview study report to FDA to confirm that qualitative results together with supporting evidence from the qualified *SMDDS* were adequate to move forward with development of the Qualification Plans, the working group met with FDA’s Qualification Review Team (QRT) in May 2020 to discuss their feedback.
  - As a result of this discussion, one item of the *SMDDMA* was modified to align with *SMDDD* wording for consistency.
  - The resulting 16-item *SMDDD* and 11-item *SMDDMA* were found to contain the relevant and suitable core symptom content for the specific recall period context.
  - FDA subsequently agreed that it was appropriate to proceed with development of Qualification Plans for both the *SMDDD* and *SMDDMA*.
- A meeting was held with FDA’s QRT in July 2021, following submission by the working group of a combined *SMDDD* and *SMDDMA* quantitative pilot study protocol synopsis, including evaluation of psychometric properties. After discussion of the proposed study design, FDA agreed it was appropriate to include both measures in one combined study.

### Challenges

- Since the *SMDDMA* evaluates self-reported MDD symptom severity at the time the self-assessment is completed, a challenge within the cognitive interview phase was determining 1) which concepts participants believed were truly relevant in a momentary assessment context and 2) how the items should be worded accordingly in that context.
- One challenge has been to determine how best to collect quantitative data for the *SMDDMA* in a non-interventional setting to evaluate measurement properties (i.e., in a quantitative pilot study).
- Another challenge will be to determine the appropriate way to use the MDD symptom measures together in a clinical trial setting in terms of the appropriate baseline and follow up measures (as item concepts were, in fact, removed from the *SMDDMA* because they were not feasible in the shorter recall context so not all concepts are present).

### Next Steps

- Prepare and submit Qualification Plans for *SMDDD* and *SMDDMA* to FDA
- Conduct combined quantitative pilot study including *SMDDD* and *SMDDMA*

## Working Group Participants

Company/Organization	Representative
AbbVie	Jonathan Stokes, MBA; Mousam Parikh, MS
Janssen Research & Development, LLC	Carol Jamieson, BSc; Heather Rozjabek, PhD, MPH
Boehringer-Ingelheim	Giancarlo Maranzano, PharmD; Tristan Gloede, PhD
Affiliation	Other Participants
National Institute of Mental Health	Sarah Hollingsworth Lisanby, MD
Research Partner	Research Team
Evidera	Mona Martin, RN, MPA; Don Bushnell, MA