Lessons Learned: Challenges and Wins

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PRO Consortium Co-Director

THIRD ANNUAL PATIENT-REPORTED OUTCOME (PRO) CONSORTIUM WORKSHOP

April 4, 2012 ■ **Silver Spring, MD**

Co-sponsored by





Agenda



- Lessons Learned: Challenges and Wins
 - Introduction Risa Hayes, PhD Eli Lilly and Company
 - Asthma Working Group Linda Nelsen, MHS Merck Sharpe & Dohme
 - Depression Working Group Steven I. Blum, MBA Forest Research Institute
 - Functional Dyspepsia Working Group Robyn T. Carson, MPH –
 Forest Research Institute
 - Irritable Bowel Syndrome Working Group Mollie J. Baird, MPH –
 Ironwood Pharmaceuticals
 - Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Working Group Rajiv Mallick, PhD Daiichi Sankyo
- FDA Response
 - Laurie Beth Burke, RPh, MPH; Marc K. Walton, MD, PhD
- Open floor discussion

A Consortium of Pharma



2011

 Teleconferencing across 9 different time zones is only the beginning...

2012

- Challenges: Time, member turnover, uncertainty, agendas
- Wins: Face-to-face meetings, noncompetitive environment

Interactions with the FDA



2011

The good news and the not so good news...

2012

Challenges: Meeting of the minds

Wins: Liz, FDA telecons/FTF meetings

The Process



2011

Making it up as we go along...

2012

Challenges: Physician payment, CIAs, sharing data

Wins: SharePoint, Scientific Data Disclosure Policy

PRO Consortium Objectives



2011

Broadening our horizons...

2012

Challenges: Keeping in scope

Wins: Communication subcommittee, ePRO subcommittee

Content Validity Stage (New)



2011

Finding a path forward...

2012

Challenges: Project agreements, PRO ownership, mixed methods

Wins: Vendor selection process, expert panels, member participation

Lessons Learned: Asthma Working Group Linda Nelsen

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Lessons Learned: Depression Working Group

Steven I. Blum Forest Research Institute

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Project Initiation/Management



- Wins: Vendor Selection, Completed Literature/Instrument Reviews, Developed Study Protocol, IRB Approval, Initiated Concept Elicitation Interviews
- Challenges: Execution of Project Agreements, Agreement on Population/Inclusion/Exclusion Criteria, Project Scope

Expert Panel



- Wins: Established Expert Panel (L. Carpenter, J. Fawcett, M. Thase, M. Trivedi), Held 1st Expert Panel Meeting (WebEx) to Review Study Documents, Scheduled Face-to-Face Item Generation Meeting
- Challenges: Selection/Recruitment Process, Understanding of PRO/DDT Guidance documents, Scheduling, Engagement

Working Group



- Wins: Added New Member Firm, Project Management, Completed Scientific Data Disclosure Plan, Submitted Two Research Abstracts
- Challenges: Representative Turnover, Revisiting Past Decisions, Revision of Diagnostic Criteria (DSM-5), Engagement/Participation of Members

Lessons Learned: Functional Dyspepsia Working Group

Robyn T. Carson
Forest Research Institute

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Scoping Stage Summary Document (SSSD)



Wins:

- Superior responsiveness/engagement between the FDA GI Division/SEALD and FD WG to reach consensus on the target patient population
 - Submitted SSSD and received timely feedback from the FDA (< 60 days)
 - Expeditiously granted F2F Type C Meeting
 - Timely resolution
- SEALD fellow actively involved in FD WG calls to facilitate decision-making on the SSSD revisions
- Challenge: Defining the FD patient population for qualitative research

Working Group



• Wins:

- Very engaged representatives from member firms
- Representatives with different skill sets
 (eg, PRO, Clinical, Regulatory as needed)
- Challenge: Scheduling conflicts

Next Steps



 Wins: RFP developed and issued to coordinating committee for approval in a timely manner

• Challenges:

- Execution of sponsor contracts and impact on qualitative research timelines
- Carrying the momentum forward from SSSD stage into qualitative work stage

Lessons Learned: Irritable Bowel Syndrome Working Group

Mollie J. Baird
Ironwood Pharmaceuticals

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Expert Panel Meeting



• Wins:

- Successfully developed items as a team
 - KOLs, IBS WG member firms, non-member participants, RTI, and C-Path
- Superior collaboration, communication, and engagement among all team members
- Meeting preparation and document reviews before the meeting enabled decision making

Challenges:

 SEALD presence and feedback in the meeting may have been advantageous

Working Group



• Wins:

- Very engaged and active representation
- Non-member participants add value to the discussions
- FDA and SEALD were actively involved early in the process

Challenges:

- Reaching consensus through biweekly teleconferences,
 which could ultimately compromise the qualitative research timelines
- Covering all necessary agenda items in biweekly teleconferences
- Difficulty in coordinating schedules for ad hoc teleconferences

Qualitative Research Stage



• Wins:

- Member firms were able to watch and listen to patient interviews in real time
- RTI (vendor) is flexible, collaborative, and knowledgeable in the PRO GI arena

Challenges:

- Reaching consensus and making decisions in adherence to the agreed upon timelines
- Allow more time in between patient interviews to update and obtain feedback from the IBS WG

Lessons Learned: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Working Group

Rajiv Mallick, PhD (co-chair)

Daiichi Sankyo

Third Annual Patient-Reported Outcome (PRO) Consortium Workshop

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Overview



- Update on progress and issues
- CORE Messages adapted to NSCLC
 - Classification of Endpoint types Biomarker,
 Human-Modulated
 - Continuum of Direct vs. More Indirect Patient Benefits
 - Direct Benefits: Concept of measurement (proximal vs. distal to core pathophysiology)
 - Context of Use

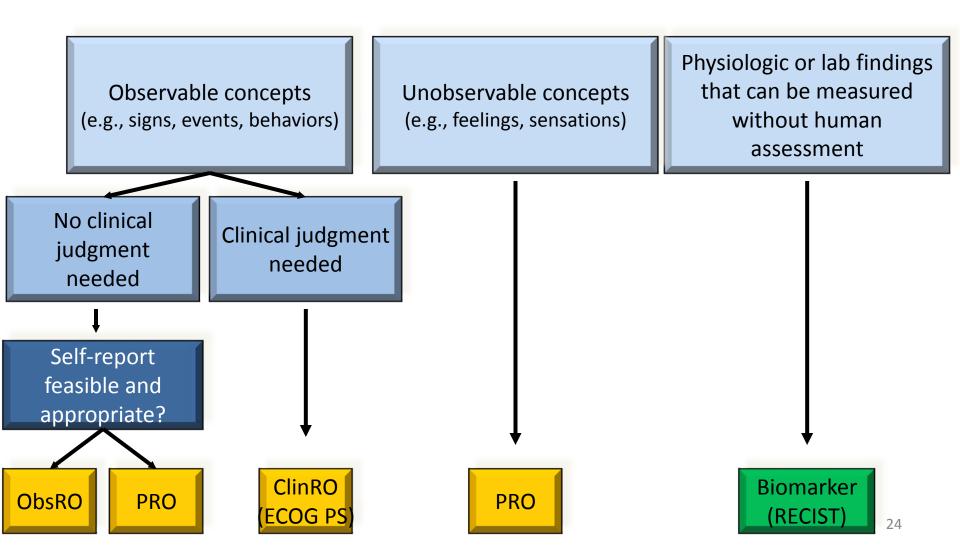
Update on Progress



- Scoping Stage, DDT meeting (July 2011)
 - Finalized conceptual framework (living document)
 - Pulmonary vs. non-pulmonary symptoms
 - Symptoms vs. impacts (eg. sleep disturbance, energy)
 - Context of use
 - common target population of registration trials stage III/IV (exploratory analysis of stage I/II); ECOG PS 0-2
 - Known epidemiology: co-morbid COPD
 - Endpoints
 - Improvement or delayed deterioration in pulmonary symptoms
- Interviewed, finalized vendor (HRA)
- Brief core messages slide deck adapted to NSCLC

Types of Endpoint Assessments to Document Tx Benefit - NSCLC



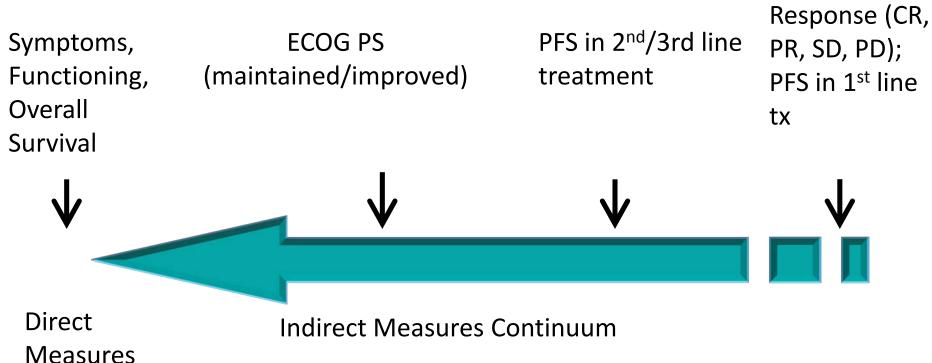


Relationship to Treatment Benefit in NSCLC



Tumor

- <u>Direct</u> assessment (of tx benefit)
- Indirect assessment (of tx benefit)



Direct Evidence of Tx Benefit: Concepts of Measurement



Disease –defining concepts

Proximal disease impact concepts

Distal disease impact concepts

Distal impact on general life concepts

Cough

Shortness of breath

Shoulder Pain

Tightness in chest

Dyspnea

Weight loss

Decreased appetite

Swallowing

Hoarseness

Sleep disturbance

Phlegm

Wheezing

Swelling of the face/neck

Anxiety

Memory

Concentration/cl arity of thinking

Depression

Ambulation

Lack of energy

Loss of stamina

Difficulty with activities of daily living

Overall impact on HRQL

Social functioning

Life interference

Helplessness/ hopelessness

Independence,

26

Context of Use: Endpoint Model



An Endpoint Model displays the role and hierarchy of relevant outcome concepts in clinical trials (i.e., all primary and secondary endpoints)

Endpoint Heirarchy	Concept Endpoints	COA/Biomarker/Survival
Primary	Overall Survival	Survival
Secondary with Hierarchy	Progression-Free	Biomarker (based on RECIST)
,	Response	Biomarker (based on RECIST)
	Pulmonary symptoms	PRO
Exploratory	Non-pulmonary symptoms	PRO 27

Panel Discussion 5 Lessons Learned: FDA Perspective

Laurie Burke, RPh, MPH Marc Walton, MD, PhD





Stages of DDT Qualification



Stage	Start	End
Initiation	DDT tracking # assignedFDA receives Letter of Intent	•FDA request for initial briefing package
Consultation & Advice	FDA requests initial briefing packageFDA receives initial briefing package	•FDA request for qualification package
Review	•FDA receives qualification package	•Qualification letter sent & decision posted on FDA website

Initiation Stage



- Request for DDT#
- Letter of Intent
 - Concept of measurement
 - Context of use
 - Disease definition
 - Targeted patient population
 - Study design considerations
 - Targeted claim
- If FDA agrees that a COA is needed, and if FDA determines resources are adequate...
 - FDA agrees to begin the qualification process
 - FDA requests an initial briefing package

Briefing Package



Introduction

- Concept of measurement
- Context of Use
- Overview of current COA development
- Plan to involve external expertise

Summaries

- Documentation of content validity
- Documentation of other measurement properties
- Interpretation of scores
- Language translation and cultural adaptation
- Administration mode
- Data collection
- Appendices

Consultation & Advice Stage



- COA developer submits protocols and study summaries (i.e., briefing packages) for FDA input when needed
- Briefing package reviews with discussion and response from SEALD and other relevant disciplines
- When FDA perceives instrument development is complete, FDA will request a Qualification Package

Review Stage



- Qualification Package reviewed by SEALD and relevant disciplines
- FDA communicates review conclusions to submitter
- If qualified, a qualification statement is posted on the FDA website

Lessons Learned—Needs Idenitified PRO CONSORTIUM CONSOR

Goal: Quicker response and better advice

FDA staff is becoming more familiar with DDT program

Initiation Stage

- Need better disease definition and subpopulation identification in advance
- Need more specificity in naming the proposed concept of measurement and context of use

C and A stage

- Need more concise submissions (e.g., study summaries only)
- Earlier submission and advice (generally, sooner is better)

Review stage

- FDA needs to provide submission templates
- FDA needs a review MAPP to clarify the review process

COA Review Status



- Active COA DDTs (26)
 - Initiation Stage: 8
 - Consultation & Advice Stage: 16
 (7 from C-Path PRO Consortium)
 - Review Stage: 2
- Other COA DDTs (10)
 - Declined: 5
 - On Hold: 3
 - Withdrawn: 2

Why then a PRO Consortium?



Two roads diverged in a wood, and I—I took the one less traveled by, And that has made all the difference.

