

# How RDCA-DAP Delivers Impact and Support for Rare Disease Treatment Innovation

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With over 350 million people in the world living with one of the more than 7,000 rare diseases, there is an urgent need to develop a clear understanding of how each rare disease progresses, as measured by defined outcome measures and/or biomarkers.

In the United States, a rare disease is defined as one affecting fewer than 200,000 people and although the U.S. Orphan Drug Act, and similar laws in other countries, have

In 2019, C-Path data analyst Kurt Michels began working on a prototype project for RDCA-DAP creating shiny apps for later integration into the platform. His work allows people to better visualize data, similar to a data interrogator. Then, coincidentally, in 2021, Kurt was diagnosed with a rare disease himself, Huntington's disease. Now, as both a rare disease patient and analyst working on rare disease data, he strongly advocates for sharing data into RDCA-DAP. "I am speaking as someone who is going to join and become a data point, or couple of data points. It may not necessarily help me, but if it can help someone else down that road, then I think that's really important."

"While rare disease populations are small, when you incorporate data from many rare disease datasets together, that's a sizable and significant number. You may be able to find solutions that you wouldn't have had without this platform. The more data points RDCA-DAP can generate, the more powerful and more meaningful answers you'll find."

created incentives for companies to develop rare disease drugs, only about 10% of these diseases have an FDA-approved treatment. Rare disease drug development is frequently slowed by the low numbers of patients with each disease and limited understanding of the variability and progression of each disease. This means that design of clinical trials that reliably evaluate the efficacy and safety of a potential therapy is extremely challenging.

To address this need, C-Path and the National Organization for Rare Disorders® (NORD), funded by a cooperative agreement through the U.S. Food and Drug Administration, launched the development of the Rare Disease Cures Accelerator Data and Analytics Platform (RDCA-DAP®) in 2019. The platform serves as a centralized and standardized base to host and share de-identified rare diseases data to support treatment innovation.

RDCA-DAP provides the infrastructure for a sustainable, shared scientific approach to clinical trial readiness in rare diseases by addressing the vast knowledge gaps present in the natural course of disease, the clinical evaluation of new treatments, and the patients' perspective on disease and treatment. RDCA-DAP can host clinical trial simulators that support the development of clinical trial protocols to efficiently determine if a new therapeutic is effective or not — accelerating clinical development, reducing costs, and encouraging new companies to step into rare disease drug development.

